Attorney Docket No.: 07403.0004

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application. Amendments to the claims are shown below as well as new claims 26-29:

Claim 1 (Previously presented) A multi-joint coordinate measuring system comprising:

a support member;

a multi-joint measuring arm having a first end for installation of a probe and a second end for attachment to the support member, the arm including:

a head member for holding the probe;

a first link;

a second link;

a wrist joint for providing a bending motion between the head member and the first link;

an elbow joint for providing a bending motion between the first link and the second link; and

a shoulder joint for providing a bending motion between the second link and the support member;

a processor configured to produce a three-dimensional coordinate corresponding to a position of the probe based on an angle of each joint of the measuring arm; and

a warning indicator that warns a user in response to a determination of an angle between the first and second links, a determination of a distance from a supporting point of the measuring arm to a head point of the measuring arm, and a detection of at least one of first and second conditions, the first condition being that the determined angle between the first and second links exceeds a first value and the second condition being that the determined distance from the supporting point of the measuring arm to the head point of the measuring arm exceeds a second value.

Claim 2 (Original) The system according to claim 1, wherein the processor is further operative to detect the first condition based on an angle of the elbow joint.

Claim 3 (Original) The system according to claim 1, wherein the processor is further operative to detect the second condition using, as the supporting point of the measuring arm, a point determined based on at least one of a position of the shoulder joint, a position of the second end, and a position of the support member.

Claim 4 (Original) The system according to claim 1, wherein the processor is further operative to detect the second condition using, as the head point of the measuring arm, a point determined based on at least one of a position of the wrist joint, a position of the head member, and the position of the probe.

Claim 5 (Original) The system according to claim 1, wherein

Attorney Docket No.: 07403.0004

the processor is further operative to detect the second condition by determining a position of the wrist, calculating a distance between the determined position and the supporting point, and comparing the calculated distance with the second value.

Claim 6 (Original) The system according to claim 1, further comprising a counter balance, provided in association with the shoulder joint, for generating a force raising the second link on a side of the elbow joint against gravity,

and wherein

the warning indicator warns a user in response to a detection of at least one of the first and second conditions and a third condition, the third condition being that the shoulder joint provides the second link with a bending motion beyond a range determined based on the force generated by the counter balance.

Claim 7 (Original) The system according to claim 1, further comprising a counter balance, provided in association with the shoulder joint, for generating a force raising the second link on a side of the elbow joint against gravity,

and wherein

the processor uses, to produce the three-dimensional coordinate, a formula including a term for correcting an error due to a change of the force generated by the counter balance, the force varying depending on an angle of the shoulder joint.

Claim 8 (Original) The system according to claim 1, wherein

Attorney Docket No.: 07403.0004

the processor is controlled not to output the three-dimensional coordinate after the detection.

Claim 9 (Original) The system according to claim 1, wherein the measuring arm further includes:

a first joint for providing a twisting motion between the head member and the first link;

a second joint for providing a twisting motion between the first link and the second link; and

a third joint for providing a twisting motion between the second link and the support member.

Claim 10 (Original) A multi-joint coordinate measuring system comprising: a support member;

a multi-joint measuring arm having a first end for installation of a probe and a second end for attachment to the support member, the arm including:

a head member for holding the probe;

a first link;

a second link;

a wrist joint for providing a bending motion between the head member and the first link;

an elbow joint for providing a bending motion between the first link and the second link; and

Attorney Docket No.: 07403.0004

a shoulder joint for providing a bending motion between the second link and the support member;

a processor configured to produce a three-dimensional coordinate corresponding to a position of the probe based on an angle of each joint of the measuring arm;

a counter balance, provided in association with the shoulder joint, for generating a force raising the second link on a side of the elbow joint against gravity; and

a warning indicator that warns a user in response to a detection of a condition that the shoulder joint provides the second link with a bending motion beyond a range determined based on the force generated by the counter balance.

Claim 11 (Original) The system according to claim 10, wherein the processor is controlled not to output the three-dimensional coordinate after the detection.

Claim 12 (Original) The system according to claim 10, wherein the measuring arm further includes:

a first joint for providing a twisting motion between the head member and the first link;

a second joint for providing a twisting motion between the first link and the second link; and

a third joint for providing a twisting motion between the second link and the support member.

Attorney Docket No.: 07403.0004

Claim 13 (Currently amended) A method of controlling measurement by a multi-joint coordinate measuring system, the system including a support member, a multi-joint measuring arm having a first end attached to the support member and a second end, a probe installed at the second end of the measuring arm, and a processor capable of producing a three-dimensional coordinate corresponding to a position of the probe based on an angle of each joint of the measuring arm, the method comprising:

storing a prescribed value concerning a posture of the measuring arm, the

prescribed value having been determined such that a measurement error due to a user

action pulling the measuring arm away from the support member would become within

an allowable range;

determining a parameter concerning the posture of the measuring arm;

detecting [a] the determined parameter concerning a posture of the measuring arm exceeding [a] the stored prescribed value, the prescribed value having been determined in accordance with a first probability that a measurement error due to a user action pulling the measuring arm away from the support member becomes out of an allowable range; and

warning a user in accordance with a result of the detecting.

Claim 14 (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein

a first parameter concerning an angle between links of the measuring arm and a second parameter concerning a distance of the measuring arm's reach are used in the detecting, and

the warning is performed when at least one of the first and second parameters exceeds a corresponding prescribed value.

Claim 15 (Original) The method of claim 13, further comprising controlling the processor not to output the three-dimensional coordinate in accordance with a result of the detecting.

Claim 16 (Currently amended) The method of claim 13, further comprising:

additionally detecting the parameter concerning the posture of the measuring

arm exceeding a limit value, the limit value corresponding to a second probability

concerning the measurement error being larger than the prescribed value first

probability; and

controlling the processor not to output the three-dimensional coordinate in accordance with a result of the additional detecting.

Claim 17 (Currently amended) A method of controlling measurement by a multijoint coordinate measuring system, the system including a support member, a multi-joint
measuring arm having a first end attached to the support member and a second end, a
probe installed at the second end of the measuring arm, a processor capable of
producing a three-dimensional coordinate corresponding to a position of the probe
based on an angle of each joint of the measuring arm, and a counter balance
configured to generate a force raising the measuring arm against gravity, the method
comprising:

Attorney Docket No.: 07403.0004

storing a prescribed value concerning a posture of the measuring arm, the

prescribed value having been determined such that a measurement error due to a user

action moving the measuring arm with a change in the force applied to the measuring

arm by the counter balance would become within an allowable range;

determining a parameter concerning the posture of the measuring arm;

detecting [a] the determined parameter concerning a posture of the measuring arm exceeding [a] the stored prescribed value, the prescribed value having been determined in accordance with a first probability that a measurement error due to a user action moving the measuring arm with a change in the force applied to the measuring arm by the counter balance becomes out of an allowable range; and warning a user in accordance with a result of the detecting.

Claim 18 (Original) The method of claim 17, further comprising controlling the processor not to output the three-dimensional coordinate in accordance with a result of the detecting.

Claim 19 (Currently amended) The method of claim 17, further comprising:

additionally detecting the parameter concerning the posture of the measuring

arm exceeding a limit value, the limit value corresponding to a second probability

concerning the measurement error being larger than the prescribed value first

probability; and

controlling the processor not to output the three-dimensional coordinate in accordance with a result of the additional detecting.

Attorney Docket No.: 07403.0004

Claim 20 (Original) A multi-joint coordinate measuring system comprising:

a support member;

a multi-joint measuring arm having a first end for installation of a probe and a second end for attachment to the support member, the arm including:

a head member for holding the probe;

a first link;

a second link;

a wrist joint for providing a bending motion between the head member and the first link;

an elbow joint for providing a bending motion between the first link and the second link; and

a shoulder joint for providing a bending motion between the second link and the support member;

a counter balance, provided in association with the shoulder joint, for generating a force raising the second link on a side of the elbow joint against gravity; and

a processor configured to input an angle of each joint of the measuring arm into a formula to produce a three-dimensional coordinate corresponding to a position of the probe, the formula including a term for correcting an error due to a change of the force generated by the counter balance.

Claim 21 (Original) The system according to claim 20, wherein

the formula includes, in association with the term, a parameter representing a deflection of the second link due to the force generated by the counter balance, the

Claim 22 (Original) The system according to claim 20, wherein the measuring arm further includes:

parameter being determined based on an angle of the shoulder joint.

a first joint for providing a twisting motion between the head member and the first link;

a second joint for providing a twisting motion between the first link and the second link; and

a third joint for providing a twisting motion between the second link and the support member.

Claim 23 (Original) A method of measuring a three-dimensional coordinate by a multi-joint coordinate measuring system, the system including a support member, a multi-joint measuring arm having a first end attached to the support member and a second end, a probe installed at the second end of the measuring arm, and a counter balance configured to generate a force raising the measuring arm against gravity, the method comprising:

inputting a plurality of joint angle data from the measuring arm;

calculating from the input data a three-dimensional coordinate corresponding to a position of the probe, by a formula including a term for correcting an error due to a change of the force generated by the counter balance; and

Attorney Docket No.: 07403.0004

outputting the three-dimensional coordinate.

Claim 24 (Currently amended) A multi-joint coordinate measuring system comprising:

a support member;

a multi-joint measuring arm having a first end attached to the support member, a second end at which a probe can be installed, and a plurality of joints;

a memory that outputs a prescribed value concerning a posture of the measuring arm, the prescribed value having been determined such that a measurement error due to a user action pulling the measuring arm away from the support member would become within an allowable range;

a processor configured to produce a three-dimensional coordinate corresponding to a position of the probe based on an angle of each joint of the measuring arm, to determine a parameter concerning the posture of the measuring arm, and to detect [a] the determined parameter concerning a posture of the measuring arm exceeding [a] the prescribed value of the memory, the prescribed value having been determined in accordance with a probability that a measurement error due to a user action pulling the measuring arm away from the support member becomes out of an allowable range; and

a warning indicator configured to warn a user in accordance with a result of the detection by the processor.

Claim 25 (Currently amended) A multi-joint coordinate measuring system comprising:

a support member;

a multi-joint measuring arm having a first end attached to the support member, a second end at which a probe can be installed, and a plurality of joints;

a counter balance configured to generate a force raising the measuring arm against gravity;

a memory that outputs a prescribed value concerning a posture of the measuring arm, the prescribed value having been determined such that a measurement error due to a user action moving the measuring arm with a change in the force applied to the measuring arm by the counter balance would become within an allowable range;

a processor configured to produce a three-dimensional coordinate corresponding to a position of the probe based on an angle of each joint of the measuring arm, to determine a parameter concerning the posture of the measuring arm, and to detect [a] the determined parameter concerning a posture of the measuring arm exceeding [a] the prescribed value of the memory, the prescribed value having been determined in accordance with a probability that a measurement error due to a user action moving the measuring arm with a change in the force applied to the measuring arm by the counterbalance becomes out of an allowable range; and

a warning indicator configured to warn a user in accordance with a result of the detection by the processor.

Claim 26 (Previously presented) The method of claim 13, wherein the parameter concerning the posture of the measuring arm includes a parameter concerning an angle between links of the measuring arm.

Claim 27 (Previously presented) The method of claim 13, wherein the parameter concerning the posture of the measuring arm includes a parameter concerning a distance of the measuring arm's reach.

Claim 28 (Currently amended) A multi-joint coordinate measuring system comprising:

a support member;

a multi-joint measuring arm having a first end attached to the support member, a second end at which a probe can be installed, and a plurality of joints;

a processor configured to produce a three-dimensional coordinate corresponding to a position of the probe based on an angle of each joint of the measuring arm; and

a warning indicator that warns a user in response to a <u>determination of a</u>

<u>distance of the measuring arm's reach and a</u> detection of a condition that <u>the</u>

<u>determined distance a parameter concerning a distance of the measuring arm's reach</u>

exceeds a prescribed value.

Claim 29 (Previously presented) The method of claim 17, wherein the parameter concerning the posture of the measuring arm includes a parameter concerning an angle of a joint of the measuring arm.